

### TRAUMA IS THE PUBLIC HEALTH ISSUE OF OUR TIME

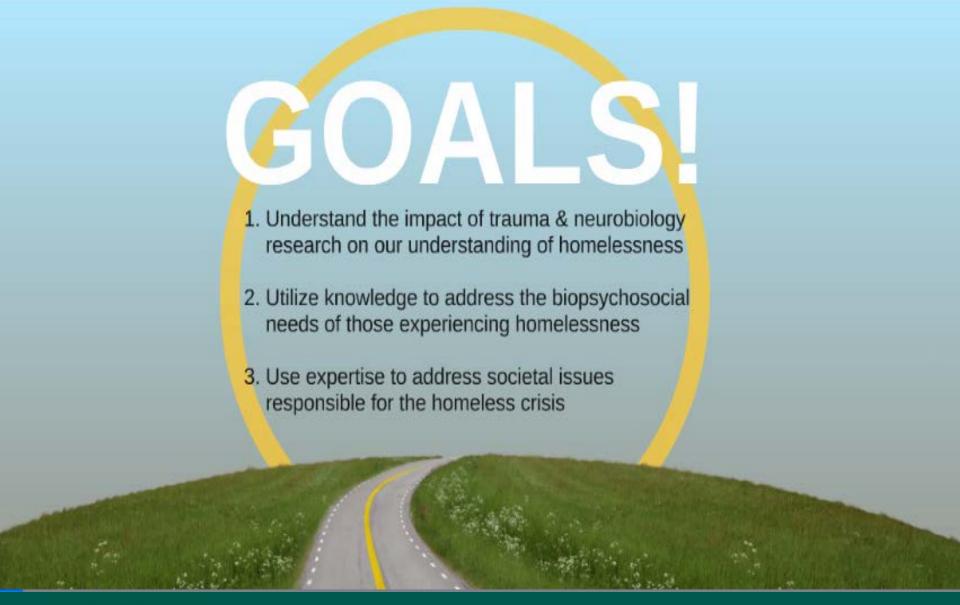
"I have become convinced that our number-one public health problem is our childhood." Bernie Siegel, MD



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#### THE SERIES

- Being Trauma Informed and Its Role in Ending Homelessness – <u>www.nhchc.org/</u>
- Trauma is the Public Health Issue of Our Time - <u>Today</u>
- 3. The Abyss: Addiction, Homelessness, and Trauma October 26
- Hope, Transformation, and Post-Traumatic Growth – <u>November 2</u>

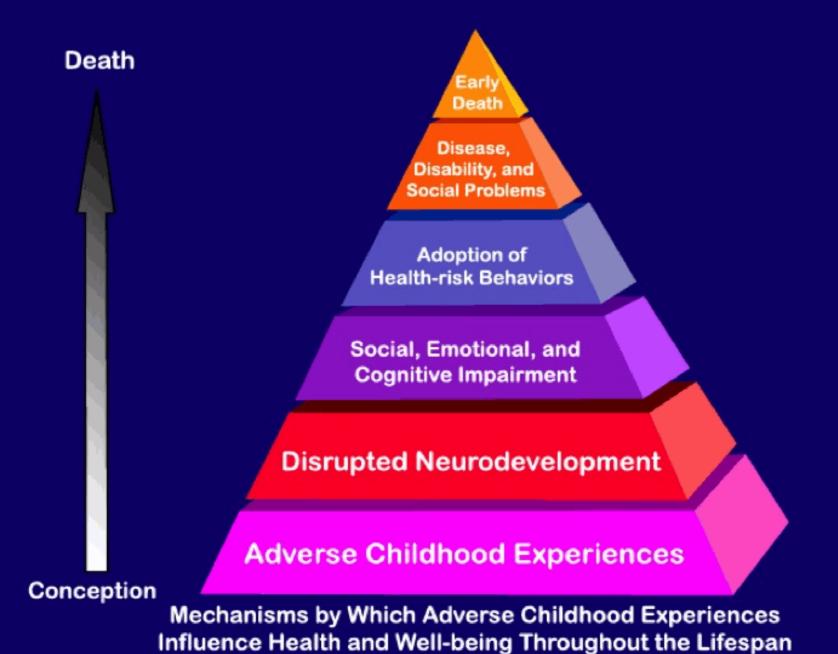


### TRAUMA IS THE PUBLIC HEALTH ISSUE OF OUR TIME

- State how trauma is driving a great many issues impacting public health
- Utilize science to better conceptualize the root cause of many patients' presenting health and social challenges
- Utilize knowledge presented to position services in a way that minimizes re-traumatization

60 Presentation/30 Minute Questions





#### The three types of ACEs include

#### **ABUSE**

#### **NEGLECT**

#### HOUSEHOLD DYSFUNCTION



**Physical** 



**Physical** 



Mental Illness



**Incarcerated Relative** 



**Emotional** 



**Emotional** 



Mother treated violently



Substance Abuse



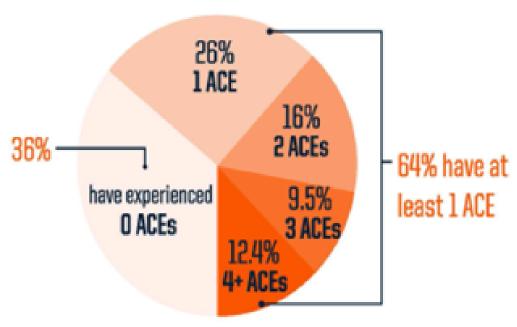
Sexual



Divorce

### HOW PREVALENT ARE ACEs?

Of 17,000 ACE study participants:



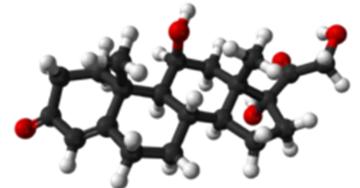
www.rwjf.org

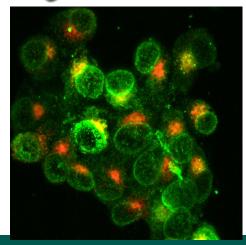
### PARTNERS IN CRIME: CORTISOL & INFLAMMATORY CYTOKINES

#### Short-term – Positive roles

- Cortisol
  - → Action in response to stress
  - → Helps return to baseline

- Cytokines
  - → Destroy infiltrating pathogens
  - → Repair tissue damage





### PARTNERS IN CRIME: CORTISOL & INFLAMMATORY CYTOKINES

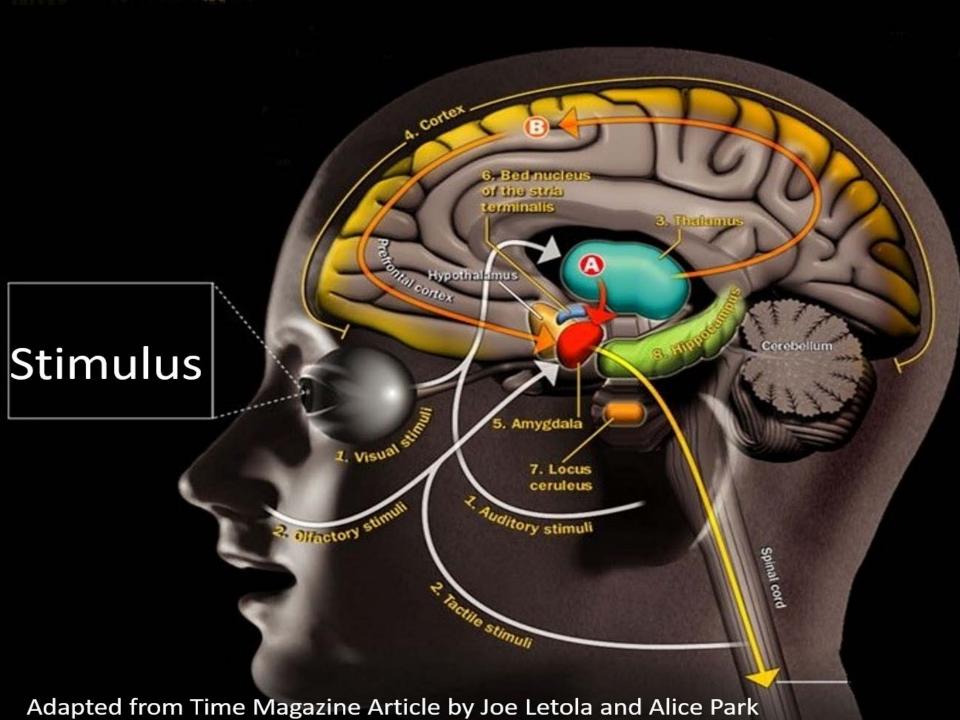
Long-term consequences - Negative outcomes

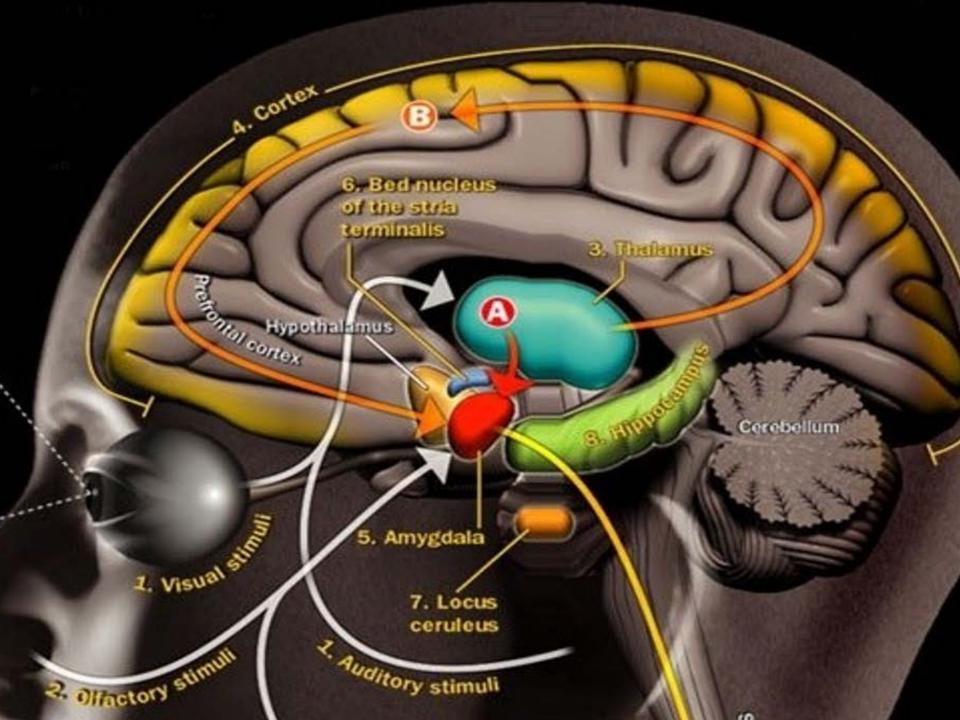
- Cortisol
  - → Constant low-level release (poverty, homelessness, dysfunctional family) limits normal stress response
  - → Overdevelops sympathetic nervous system at expense of cognitive ability and emotional regulation (parasympathetic break)
  - → Becomes toxic
- Cytokines
  - → Damage tissue
  - → Tissue damage creates opportunities for disease to develop
  - → Responsible for many symptoms leading to high utilization

### CUP ANALOGY: ROBUSTNESS CAPACITY

- Capacity of stress/trauma an individual can hold
  - → Increased by:
    - Healthy lifestyle, healthy relationships, resiliency, and self-confidence
  - → Decreased by:
    - Unhealthy lifestyle, dysfunctional relationships/environment, poverty, homelessness, addiction, trauma, and long-term intense stress







### CUP ANALOGY: ALLOSTATIC LOAD

- <u>Intensity</u>: Duration, importance, and uncertainty
- Hyperstress: Levels stay high for long periods of time
- <u>Trauma</u>: Submersion in water, overwhelming capacity
- <u>Passive Trauma</u>: Submersion continues without help
- Complex Trauma: Constant flooding
- <u>Unresolved Traumatic Memories</u>: Rocks in the cup



#### WINDOW OF TOLERANCE

<u>Hyperarousal Zone</u> (Flight/Fight): Increased sensation; emotional reactivity; hypervigilance; disorganized cognitive processing

#### **Rigidity**

#### Chaos



<u>Window of Tolerance</u>: Flexible; adaptive; coherent; energized; stable

#### **Rigidity**

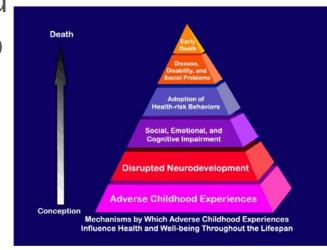
#### Chaos

<u>Hypoarousal Zone</u> (Freeze): Relative absence of sensation; numbing of emotions; disabled cognitive processing; reduction of physical energy

#### **TRAUMA & MENTAL HEALTH**

"If child abuse and neglect were to disappear, the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual would shrink to the size of a pamphlet and the prisons would be empty in two generations."

-John Briere, PhD



#### **MEDICAL ISSUES & TRAUMA**

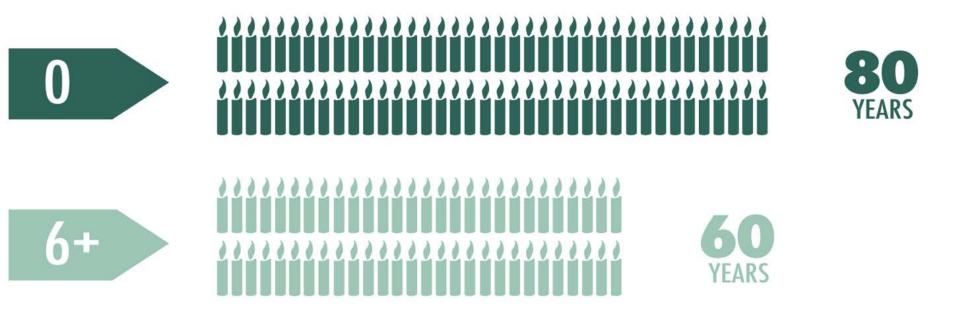
- Heart attack
- Miscarriage
- Falls
- Multiple sclerosis
- Stroke
- Gastrointestinal issues
- Obesity
- Autoimmune disease
- Fibromyalgia

- Cancer
- Lung disease
- Diabetes
- Asthma
- Headaches
- Ulcers
- Lupus
- Chronic fatigue
- Liver disease



#### LIFE EXPECTANCY

People with six or more ACEs died nearly 20 years earlier on average than those without ACEs.



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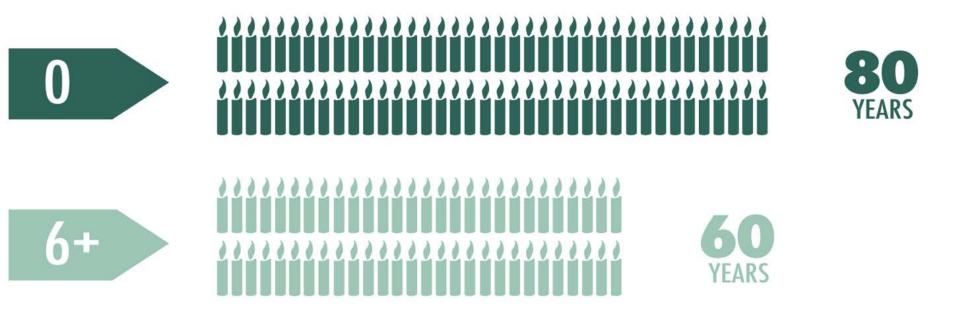
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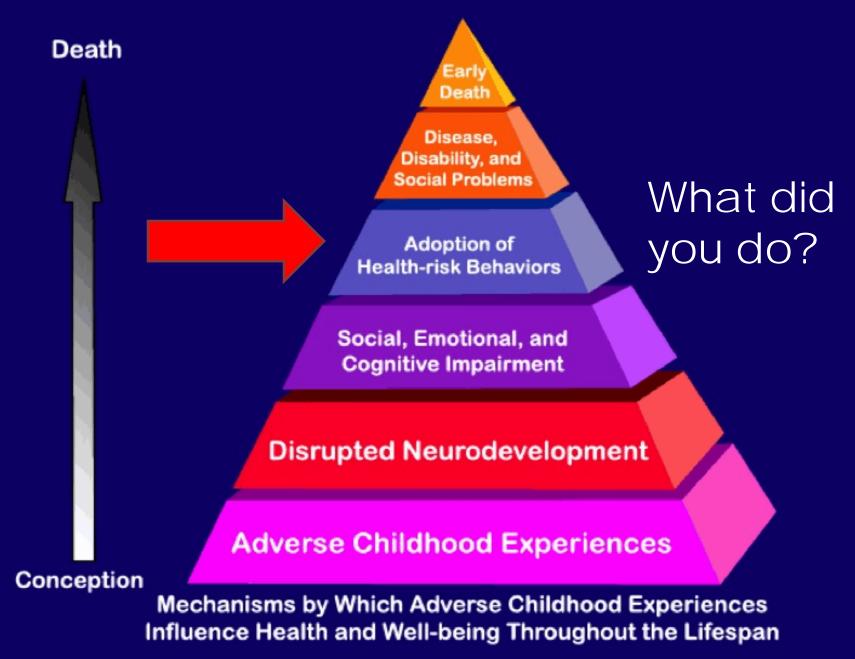


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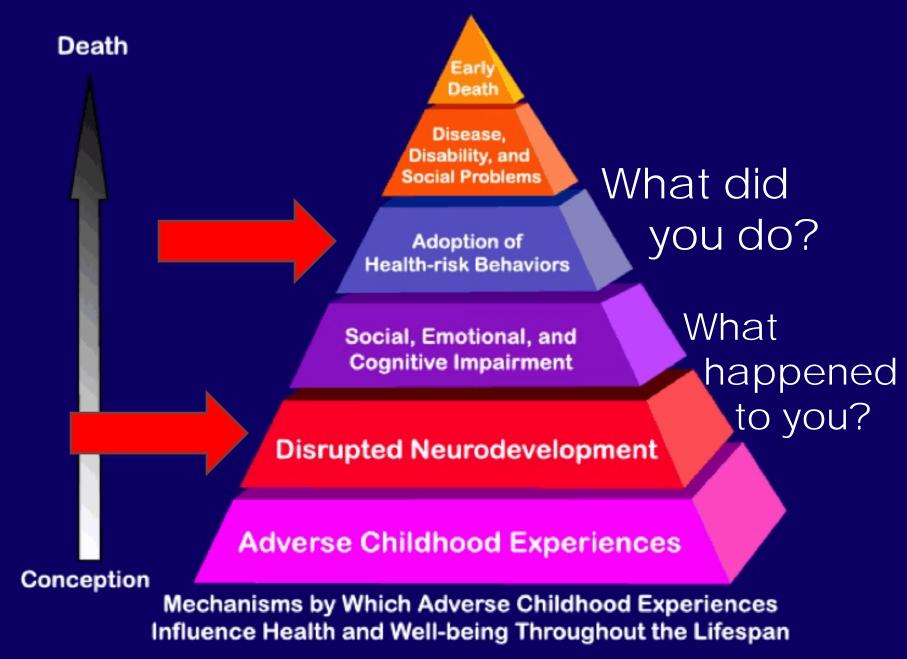
#### VINCENT FELITTI, MD

"...it is easier to respond to the symptoms that a patient is presenting in the moment, than it is to understand why that problem exists in the first place, especially if the problem is chronic. But when physicians seek to understand people's lives as well as their biomedical bodies and symptoms, we create a new possibility for patients to find wellness."



#### **CURRENTLY**

- Total lifetime cost of child maltreatment is \$124,000,000,000 annually
- Lifetime medical expenses: \$210,120 per maltreated person



### PATIENTS WHO DISCUSSED ACE SCORES WITH THEIR PROVIDER

35% reduction in medical visits

• 11% reduction in ER visits

#### **CALL TO ACTION**

 How can you better assess/discuss trauma with your patients?

 What community partners could benefit from discussions surrounding trauma?



# THE ABYSS: ADDICTION, HOMELESSNESS, AND TRAUMA OCTOBER 26<sup>TH</sup> 3PM EST

- State the relationship between trauma and addiction
- Utilize models to help patients and staff understand the addiction cycle
- Be able to explain the science behind addiction

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